

The Tropical Zone: An Archeological View

by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)

Hindus, the Asian Homo Sapiens, lived only in the Tropical Zone, to the north of the equator and south of the Tropic of Cancer, for over 100,000 years. They were warm-climate people. They had the same climate every day for 100,000 years; they were warm and toasty and never heard of snow, ice, or glaciers. They followed the Indian monsoon winds from the Arabian Sea to the Bay of Bengal. They left their signatures in caves of the Sulawesi Island of Indonesia 60,000 years ago. They were highly advanced logic-based cultures of visionaries, explorers, and pioneers. They were the cream of humankind. At the time they migrated, much of the world was covered with glaciers, and the seawater was far below the current levels. The glaciers started to melt only 20,000 years ago, and the current sea levels were reached around 10,000 years ago.

The following map is a digital reconstruction of the Tropical Zone when Hindus moved from Somalia to the Bay of Bengal. The area in green and yellow colors is the lowlands of rainwater rivers along mountain ridges favored by Hindus. Hindus avoided the flatland that was a flood basin prone to frequent natural disasters. Unlike rivers of the mountain ridges, rivers in the flatland constantly changed their course.

