

History of Human Migrations, an Archeological View

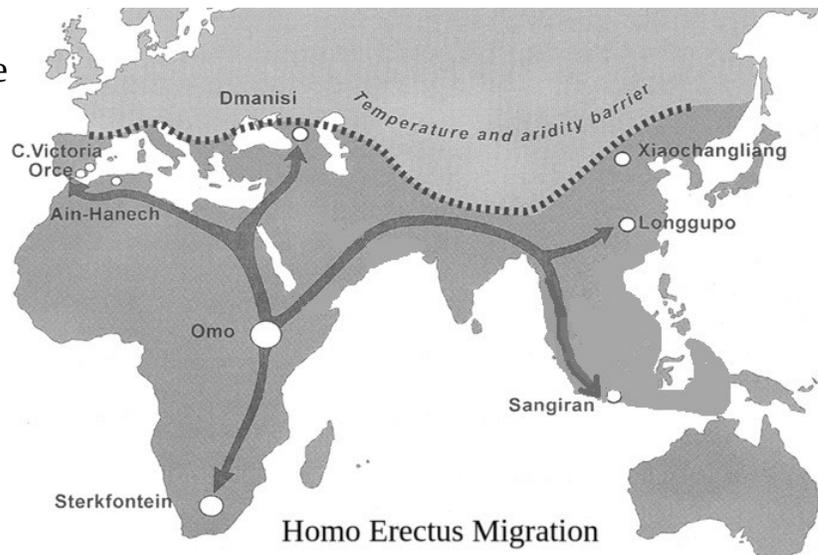
by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)

Homo Erectus (upright, bipedal, Ape-like) evolved in Africa one million years ago. Homo Neanderthal and Homo Sapiens (modern Humans) evolved much later. There were dozens of variations that are now extinct. Only Humans remained.

Homo Erectus preferred warm climate and lived only along the Equator, in the Tropical Zone, along perennial rainwater resources, with abundant year round food supplies. They hunted small animals for occasional meat.

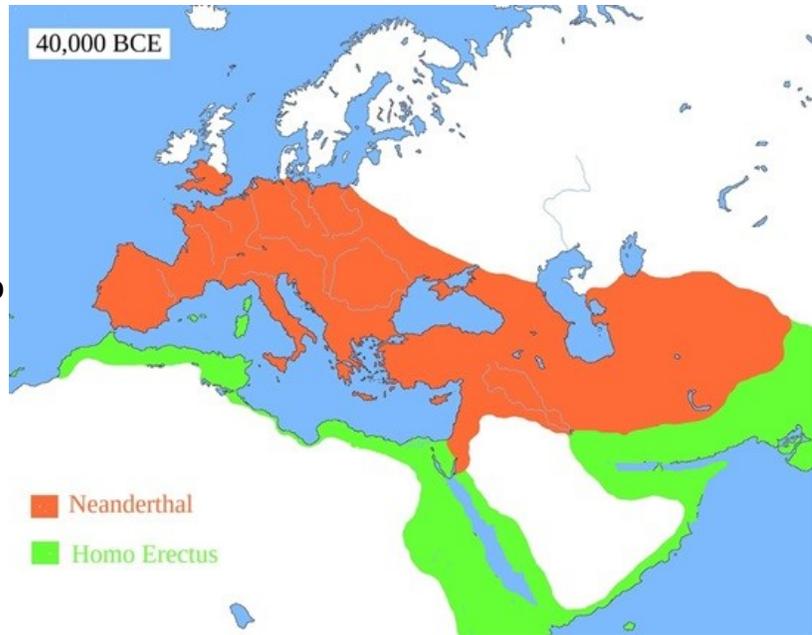
Homo Neanderthal were cold climate people. They lived only in the North, in the Temperate Zone. They evolved to be culturally different from Homo Erectus because of their climate and available food resources. They were mostly meat eaters. They invented stone tools to hunt mammoths for food. They were the Ice Age and Stone Age people. Culturally, they were the exact opposite of the Homo Erectus.

The migration path of Homo Erectus is shown in the map. The landscape at that time was entirely different from the current. Much of the world was covered with glaciers and the seawater was far below the current levels. The Red Sea was a lake. The current Persian Gulf and Gulf of Oman were fertile valleys. The land from Bangladesh to Australia was a giant fertile valley, the Sunda land.



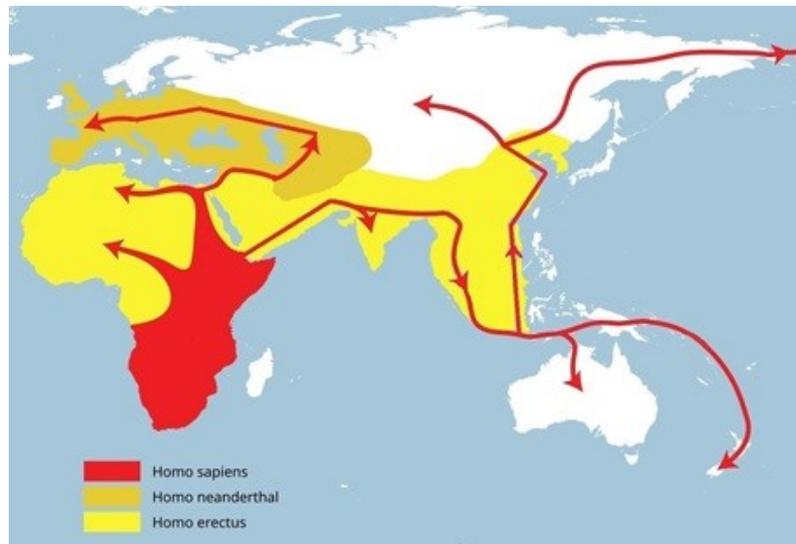
Africa and Asia were one continuous land. Homo Erectus walked across the land from Africa to China. They were rainwater people. They instinctively explored for the life sustaining dependable perennial rainwater resources, and moved from Africa to China. They lived only in the Tropical Zone, along the Equator, warm and toasty. The Java man and Peking man testify to their presence in Sunda land. The circles in the above map were locations where Homo Erectus bones were excavated.

Homo Neanderthal lived only in the Temperate Zone. As shown in the map, they lived only to the north of the Homo Erectus. At that time, the current Persian Gulf and Gulf of Oman were fertile valleys occupied by Homo Erectus. The Red Sea was a lake.



Homo Erectus lived only to the south of Tropic of Cancer, and Homo Neanderthal lived only to the north. They evolved to be culturally different people because of the climate and availability of food resources.

Homo Sapiens (modern Humans) evolved 200,000 years ago in Africa. As shown in the map, they were spread out as four Clades: (1) Africa (DNA A & B), (2) Nile (DNA E), (3) Asia (DNA C & F), and (4) Europe (DNA R1). They evolved as distinctly different cultures. They had nothing to do with each other.



The Nile Clade (E) and Asia Clade (C, F) were Tropical people. They were logic based and culturally very advanced. They followed the migration paths of Homo Erectus, dependable perennial rainwater resources.

The Europe Clade (R1) were the cold climate people. They moved to the area occupied by Homo Neanderthal. They were the Ice Age and Stone Age cultures. Forty thousand years ago, Neanderthal became extinct. The R1 replaced Neanderthal.

Culturally, the R1 were the same as Neanderthal people, a product of the climate and available food resources. They were meat eaters. They invented stone tools. They formed into rival packs for survival. They evolved into the current European cultures, constantly at war to kill each other to get rich. They invented the concepts of King, War, and God. Culturally, they were the exact opposite of the Homo Sapiens in the Tropical Zone who lived in peace and prosperity for 100,000 years.

The warmongering Europeans (Neanderthal culture) moved to the Tropical Zone only 4,000 years ago, after the global drought that lasted for almost 200 years. They deliberately and totally destroyed the Nile (E) and Asia (C, F) civilizations that existed in peace and prosperity for 100,000 years in the Tropical Zone. It was their animal survival instinct. They evolved in a cold climate with scarce food.

For analytical purposes, the Europe and Asia Clades should be considered as different Homo categories, not as the same Homo Sapiens. Culturally, they had nothing in common.

Homo Sapiens did not have a distinct culture of their own. They evolved as four different Clades, separated 100,000 years ago.

Culturally, Europeans (R1) were Homo Neanderthal of the Temperate Zone, and Asians (C, F) were Homo Erectus of the Tropical Zone.