

The Gandhara People, an Archeological View
by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)

People who share the same DNA are called a Haplogroup. An analysis of the Indian populations revealed that India consists of only the Haplogroups: H, L, O, R2, J2b, and R1a. The H and L are siblings who spoke the Kui language. The O and R2 are siblings who spoke the Mundari language. The J2b, called Agni, were a subgroup of Syrians (J2) who spoke a dialect of the Syrian language. The H, L, O, R2, and J2b were subgroups of the parent F group. That splits the Indian population into two broad categories of the F and R1a.

The F group entered India forty thousand years ago. They were the native population. The R1a entered India four thousand years ago. They were the recent immigrants.

The F lived only at the Mt. Trikuta area in the Vindhyas. The R1a lived only in Gandhara, a small area between the rivers Yamuna and Ganges, to the north of Delhi.

The Trikuta and Gandhara were separated by a 500 mile stretch of wasteland with no reliable supply of water for human habitation. They were unaware of each other. They were exactly the opposite civilizations.

Around 200 CE, Greeks occupied Gandhara. Around 500 CE, Greeks occupied the Trikuta. Some R1a followed the Greeks from Gandhara to the Trikuta. Greeks were the R1b, not the R1a of Gandhara. The R1b and R1a are different people. The R1b in India are insignificant in number.

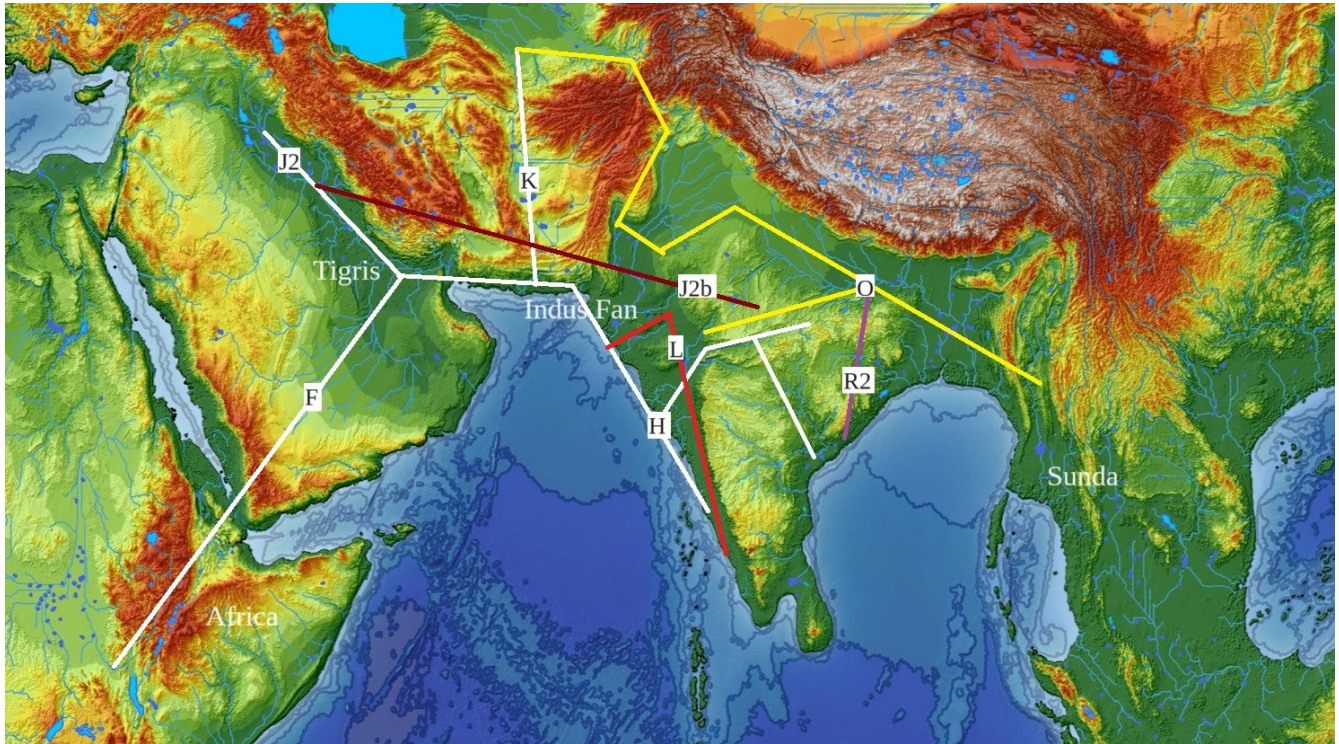
Before the Greeks, Gandhara and Trikuta were different regions with no interaction. The Trikuta was the Old India. The Greeks annexed Gandhara. The R1a followed the Greeks to the Trikuta. Gandhara and Trikuta were integrated into one political entity with traffic in both directions. The New India included the Trikuta (F) and Gandhara (R1a). The Old India had only the F. The New India had both the F and R1a. The New India was born only after 500 CE.

Who are the F and R1a people of India? What follows is an analysis of archeological evidence to understand their history.

Humans originated 200 thousand years ago in Central Africa. Around sixty thousand years ago, a subgroup evolved into an advanced logic-based civilization, the F group. They were adventurous pioneers who wanted to explore the new worlds. They

voluntarily left Central Africa by crossing a mountain ridge. They were totally separated from the other humans in Africa. They evolved into a new category of humans.

Sixty thousand years ago, much of the world was covered with glaciers and the seawater was 500 feet below the current levels. It was a different climate and landscape.



The above map traces the migration path of the F from Africa to the Trikuta.

Sixty thousand years ago, the Red Sea was a giant lake of freshwater, the Persian Gulf was the Tigris river valley, and the West Coast of India extended over one hundred miles to reach the then Arabian Sea.

Dependable perennial rainwater was the driving force of the F migration path. They left Africa by crossing a mountain ridge, to settle at the Red Sea lake. They were an advanced culture that took the risk. They were the only people on the east side of the mountain ridge.

Forty thousand years ago, the F moved from the Red Sea lake to the Tigris river, the current Persian Gulf. They spread out all along the Tigris and Indus Fan. The F was split into the J2, K, O, R2, L, and H groups and dispersed in different directions.

Twenty thousand years ago, the glaciers started to melt and the Tigris and Indus Fan were submerged. At that time, there was a giant freshwater lake around the Mt. Trikuta of the Vindhyas. It had inexhaustible supply of rainwater, similar to the Red Sea lake.

The subgroups of F converged to the Trikuta lake along different paths. They were the native Indians, the Hindu (F).

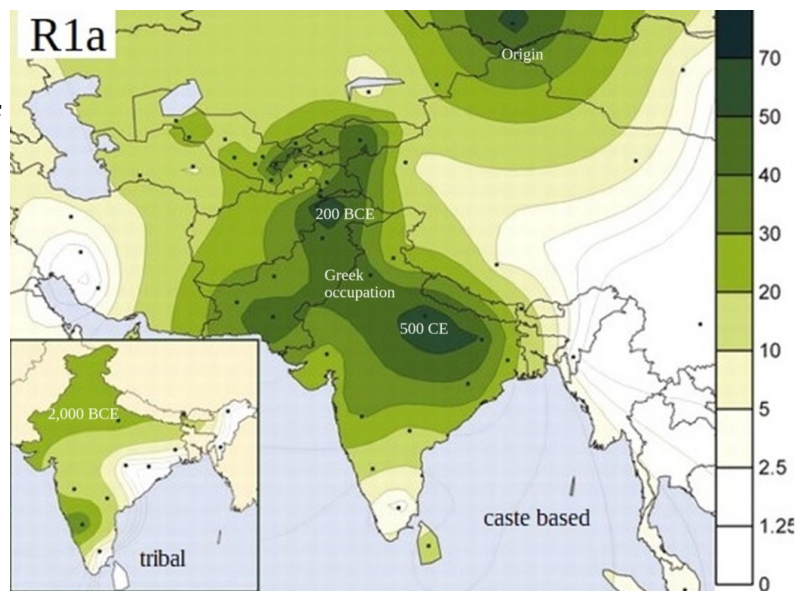
The F were the only people on the subcontinent. They lived only at the Trikuta. The rest of the land was uninhabitable for lack of dependable source of perennial freshwater.

During the Ice Age, the land above the Caspian Sea was covered with glaciers. After the glaciers melted, the land was a swamp called the Russian Steppe. Gradually, some low level grass started to grow that attracted grazing animals. Some primitive hunters and gatherers followed the animals to the Steppe. They were the R1 Haplogroup.

The R1 group was split into the R1a, R1a1, and R1b and spread across Europe. The R1a were the Eastern Europeans. The R1a1 were the Central Europeans (Persians). The R1b were the Western Europeans, Greeks and Romans. They evolved into the European civilizations only six thousand years ago.

The R1 group lived only along the Russian Steppe. The F group lived only at the Trikuta. They were the only people, outside of Africa. They were separated by a vast wasteland. They were unaware of each other, separated by geography.

Four thousand years ago, there was a global drought that lasted for almost two hundred years. Some of the R1a in the Eastern Europe were forced to move south in search of water source. As shown in the density map, the R1a originated at the top right. The inset map (tribal) was the density map at the time of the global drought when they were forced to relocate. The main map (Caste based) is the present-day distribution. They are densely populated only in Gandhara (Kashmir) and Bihar State. They followed the Greeks from Gandhara to Bihar.



Before the Greeks entered the Bihar State in 500 CE, the R1a lived only in Gandhara, to the north of Delhi.

The F were an ancient advanced logic-based civilization. They were compassionate and helped each other. They lived in peace and prosperity for tens of thousands of years. They never had the concepts of King, War, Weapons, God, or Temple. They invented peaceful coexistence. They were democratic republics with open borders. They respected other peoples' rights and property. They lived in peace and prosperity for thousands of years.

The R1a evolved in the Russian Steppe with scarce food. They had to compete with the animals. They acquired the animal survival instincts. They formed into rival packs to rob each other. They evolved into a civilization that was constantly at war. They were the exact opposite of the compassionate and peace-loving F civilization that existed for sixty thousand years.

The R1a invented the concepts of King, War, Weapons, God, and Temple required to rob each other. The F and R1a were the exact opposites.

Before the Greeks, the R1a lived only in Gandhara, to the north of Delhi. In Gandhara, they formed into rival gangs Bharata, Kuru, Panchala, Matsya, and Surasena, to name a few. They were constantly at war to rob each other. It was their animal survival instinct. The epic Mahabharata was the story of these warmongering primitive tribal people (R1a) at work. Many a war was fought at a place called Kurukshetra, the land of Kuru.

The Greeks annexed Gandhara to Old India only after 500 CE. All the fictional stories, financed by the Greeks, invented by the delusional Kashmir Brahmin, such as Puranas and the Mahabharata, treated Gandhara as of ancient origin. In their version of history, Gandhara was the ancient land, and the Trikuta was annexed after they subjugated the primitive people who never had a god. They actively promoted their fictional stories as the real history. It was the myopic vision of the recent primitive ignorance-based warmongering Europeans (R1a). In their view, only the people who worshiped war and god were the civilized people, and it was the god's will to destroy the nonbelievers.

History is derived from verifiable empirical evidence, not from the fictional stories invented by the Europeans to rob other people.

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