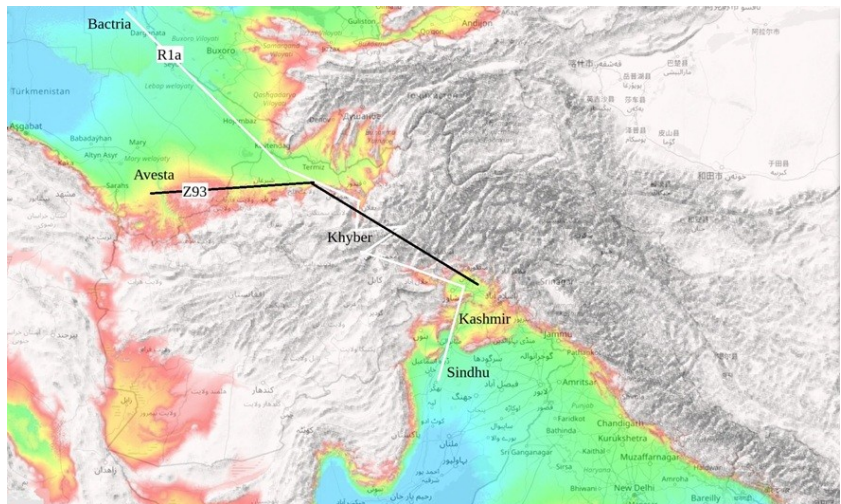


## Sindhu People: An Archeological View

by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)

The people who lived along the Indus River, near Pakistan, for only 4,000 years were the Sindhus, the DNA R1a. They were falsely portrayed in the Sanskrit fictional stories as Hindus. Hindus, the DNA F, lived only in Peninsular India for over 60,000 years. They avoided the Himalayas and the Indus like the plague. Culturally, Sindhus (R1a) and Hindus (F) were the exact opposites. Sindhus were European Homo Sapiens, and Hindus were Asian Homo Sapiens; they were separated 100,000 years ago.

Four thousand years ago, Eastern Europeans (R1a) moved to North Bactria, and Central Europeans (R1a1) moved to South Bactria (Avesta). The Z93 was a subgroup (R1a1-a1h) of the R1a1. They were con artists. They invented fictional rituals called the Vedas and Yajna to rob Avestans. They were considered unethical and immoral people unworthy of living in a civilized society and were expelled to Kashmir.



The Greeks (R1b) discovered the unethical Z93 in Kashmir and put them on their payroll to invent fictional stories of their fictional gods in temples. The Greeks renamed the Z93 refugees as Brahmins and issued them a new synthetic language, called Sanskrit, invented as a mixture of only the Avestan language and the Grandhika language of Hindus. They invented a fictional epic called “The Mahabharata,” a story of Sindhus (R1a). In the Sanskrit Mahabharata, Sindhus were falsely portrayed as Hindus.

The Sanskrit Mahabharata was the forbidden culture of the unethical and immoral Avestans, Brahmins (Z93), who were kicked out of Avesta. In the Mahabharata, the Sindhus (R1a) were falsely promoted as Hindus (F). The Brahmins glorified themselves in superlatives as of a divine race. The Greeks actively promoted the fictional Mahabharata as a true story. All the Sanskrit (Avestan + Grandhika) literature was Greek-financed Brahmin-invented rubbish masquerading as the ancient Hindu civilization. It was reduced to ashes when tossed in the fire of Hindu logic of hypothesis testing.