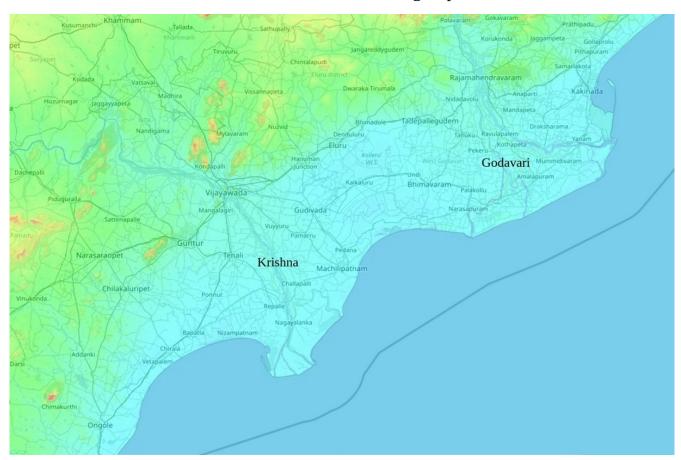
Flood Zone, an Archeological View

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Twenty thousand years ago, the DNA H moved from the Indus Fan on the West Coast to the headwaters of the Narmada river, called Trikuta. Some of them moved south along the Wainganga tributary of the Godavari river to the Tamilnadu State. At that time, the area to the east of the Satpura Range was a vast wasteland deprived of rainwater. The H used the rivers Krishna and Godavari only as passageways to the Tamilnadu. At that time, the two rivers were flood prone and notorious for their destructive nature. They were brought under control only recently by the British who implemented dams as flood control measures.

In the map below, the light blue area was the former flood zone. It was occupied only after the British, by the DNA H, J2b, and O. A new language called Telugu evolved to facilitate communications between the three different groups.



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