

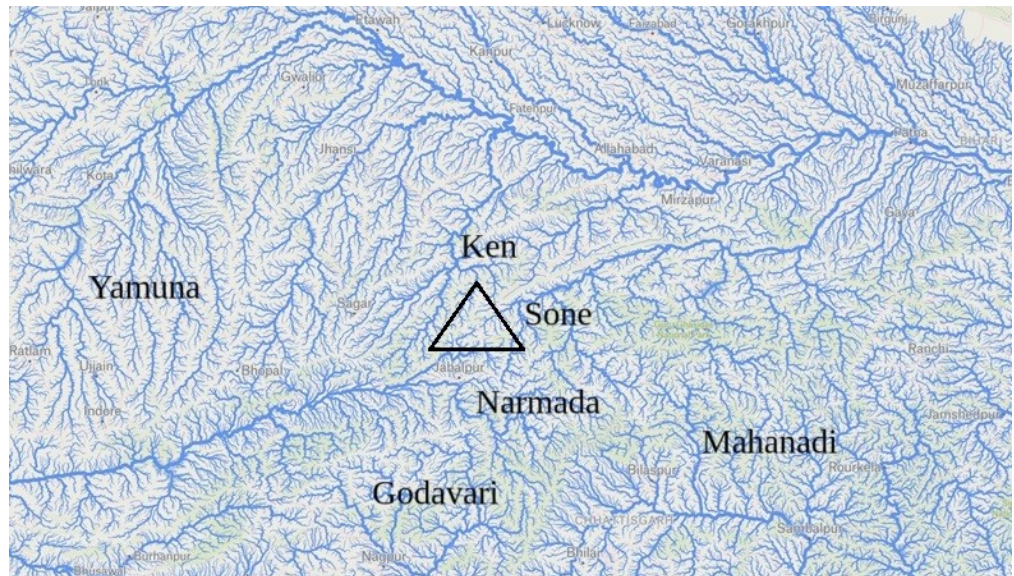
Density Map of Trikuta Dialects , an Archeological View by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)

Twenty thousand years ago the Kui, Mundari, and Agni people moved to the foot of the Mt. Trikuta in search of dependable perennial rainwater. Their original homelands were submerged by the rising seawater levels caused by the glacial melt.

Kui (DNA H) lived along the Narmada river and spoke the Kui language.

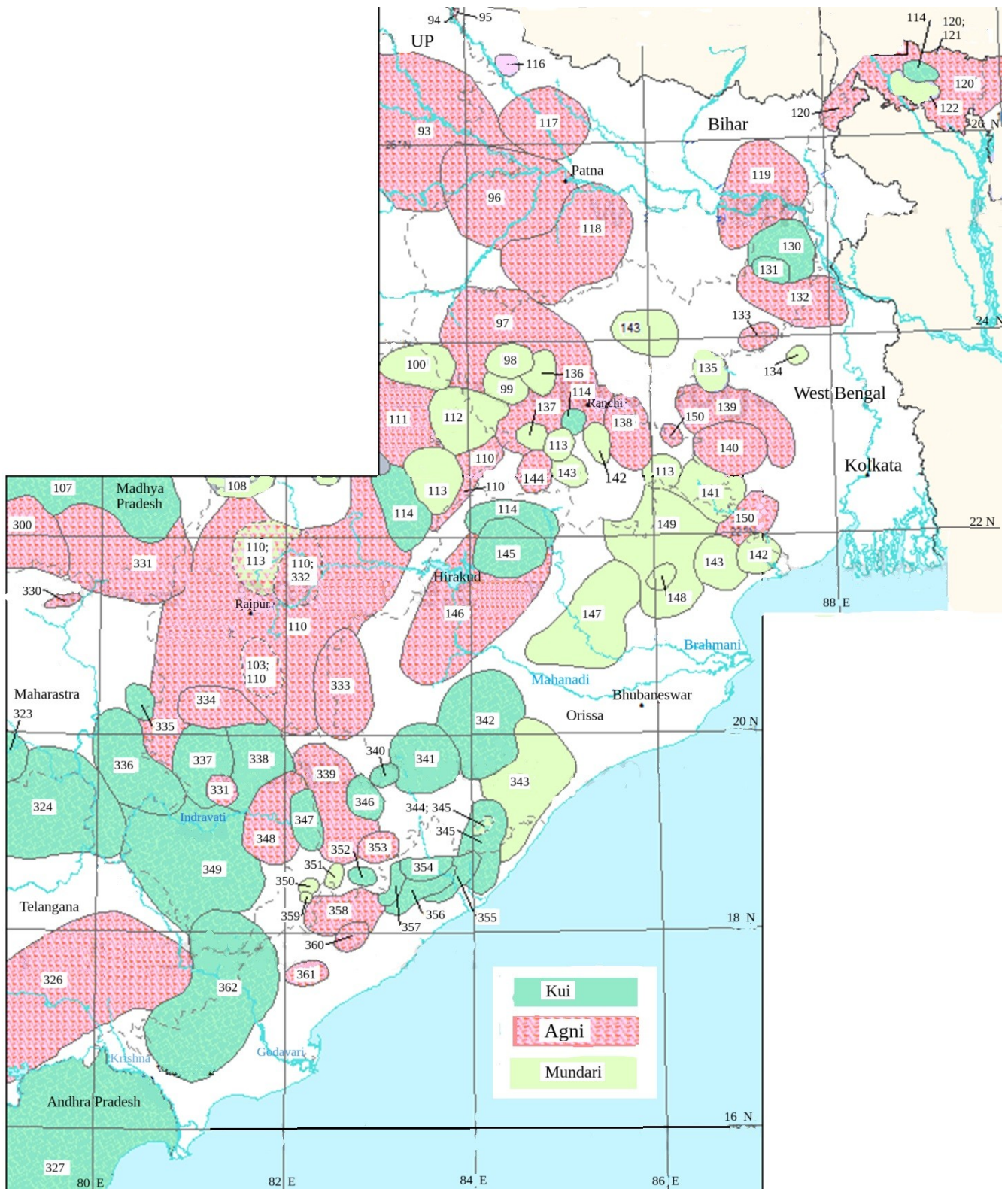
Mundari (DNA O) lived along the Sone river and spoke the Mundari language.

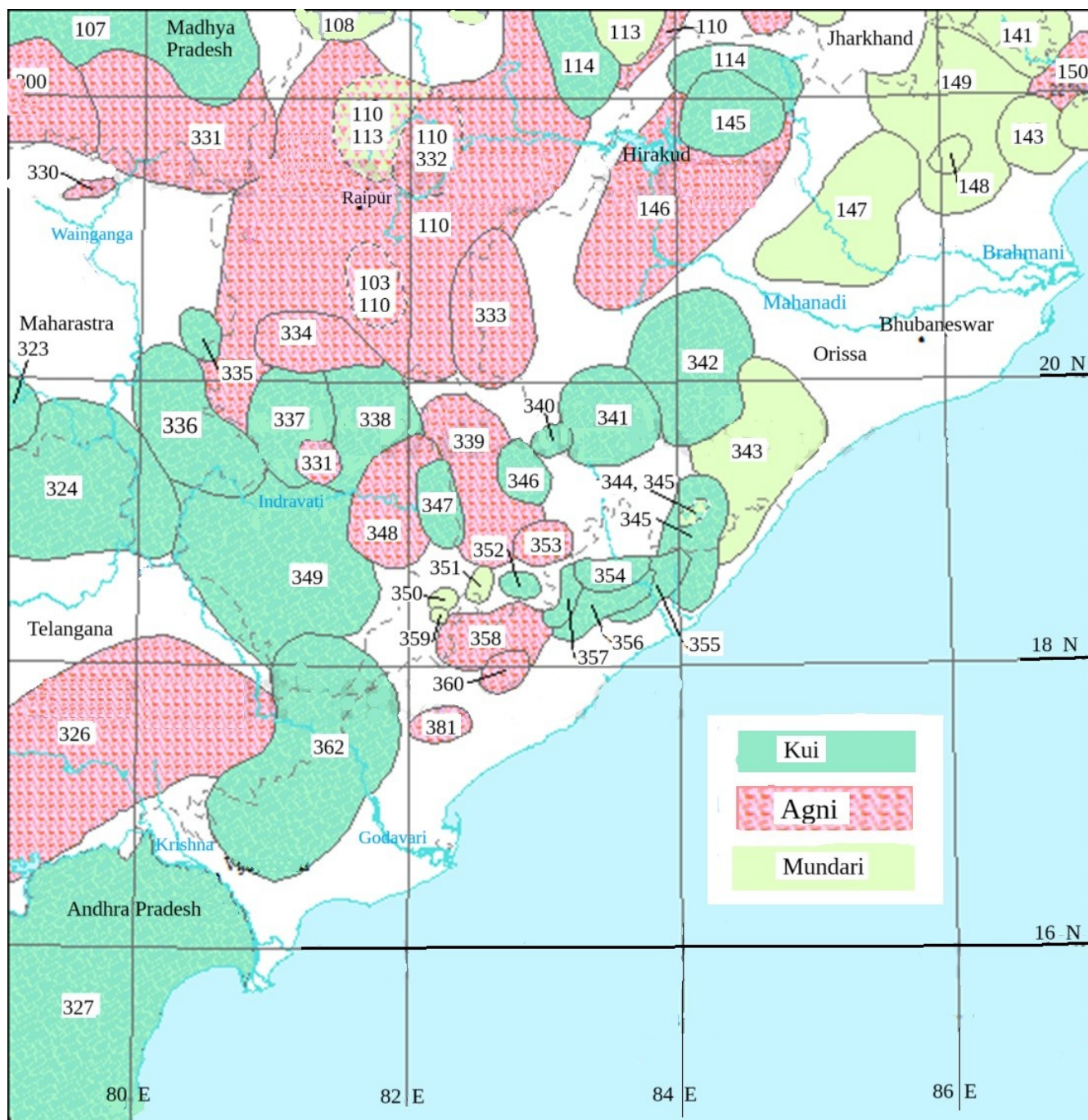
Agni (DNA J2b) lived along the Ken river and spoke the Agni language.



Around 2,200 BCE, there was a global drought that lasted for almost 200 years. The Trikuta basin dried out, and all the three groups were forced to move to the east of the Satpura Range, the Mahanadi river basin called Amarkantak.

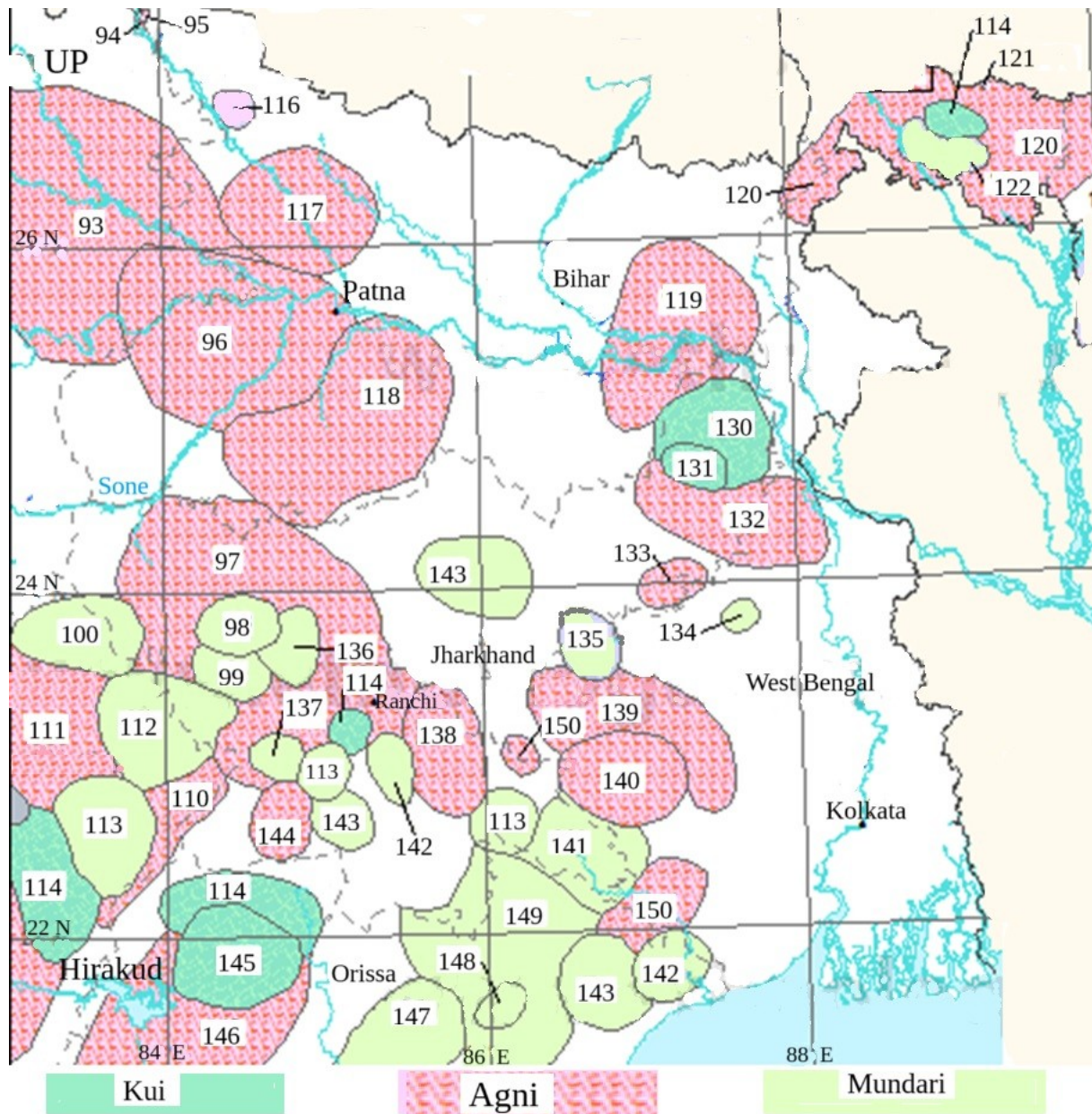
The following maps, based on Census 2011 data, present distribution of dialects of the three cultures. They have a fascinating story to tell of Hindu (H, J2b, O) that lived at the Trikuta for 20,000 years in peace and prosperity. They were the only people on the entire subcontinent. They lived only at the Trikuta. They were the now lost ancient Hindu civilization. They were the people who painted the Sunda caves 60,000 years ago. They were the DNA F, the Asia Clade, the Homo Sapiens that followed the migration path of Homo Erectus (Java man). They voluntarily moved out of Ethiopia (Africa) 100,000 years ago, in search of life sustaining dependable perennial rainwater resources. They evolved 200,000 years ago in Africa. They had nothing to do with the Africa or Europe Homo Sapiens.





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|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 103 Kamar | 107 Northern Gondi | 108 Bhatola |
| 110 Chhattisgarhi | 113 Kharia | 114 Kurux |
| 141 Munda | 143 Mahali | 145 Kisan |
| 146 Sambalpuri | 147 Juang | 148 Parenga |
| 149 Ho | 150 Lodhi | 300 Powari |
| 323 Southeastern Kolami | 324 Southern Gondi | 326 Lambadi |
| 327 Pattapu | 330 Chamari | |

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|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 331 Halbi | 332 Nahari | 333 Bhunjia |
| 334 Mirgan | 335 Far Western Muria | 336 Maria |
| 337 Western Muria | 338 Eastern Muria | 339 Desiya |
| 340 Manda | 341 Kuvi | 342 Kui |
| 343 Sora | 344 Juray | 345 Savara |
| 346 Pengo | 347 Duruwa | 348 Bhatri |
| 349 Dandami Maria | 350 Bondo | 351 Bodo Gadaba |
| 352 Pottangi Ollar Gadaba | 353 Bodo Parja | 354 Konda-Dora |
| 355 Mukha-Dora | 356 Manna-Dora | 357 Mudhili Gadaba |
| 358 Adivasi Oriya | 359 Gata | 360 Reli |
| 361 Kupia | 362 Koya | |



93 Bhojpuri	94 Chitwania Tharu	95 Kochila Tharu
96 Surjapuri	97 Sadri	98 Asuri
99 Bijori	100 Kodaku	110 Chhattisgarhi
111 Surgujia	112 Korwa	113 Kharia
114 Kurux	116 Newar	117 Domari
118 Magahi	119 Angika	
120 Kamta	121 Toto	122 Mru
130 Sauria Paharia	131 Kumarbhag Paharia	132 Mal Paharia
133 Degaru	134 Koda	135 Dhimal
136 Birhar	137 Turi	138 Panchpargaria
139 Kharia Thar	140 Kudmali	141 Munda
142 Mundari	143 Mahali	144 Majhi
145 Kisan	146 Sambalpuri	147 Juang
148 Parenga	149 Ho	150 Lodhi