

## DNA C and O in Balochistan: An Archeological View

by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)

An analysis of DNA samples of the Indian populations revealed that the DNA C and O are found only in Balochistan, the Thar Desert (Punjab), the Yamuna River, and Southeast Asia. The O was a subgroup of the DNA F. The C and F were the Asian Homo Sapiens that voluntarily left Somalia 100,000 years ago and moved to Balochistan. They were rainwater people. They lived only along the perennial rainwater rivers of mountain ridges that were perpendicular to the Indian monsoon winds. The monsoon winds blew from the Arabian Sea to the Bay of Bengal.

Around 60,000 BCE, much of the world was covered with glaciers, and the seawater was far below the current levels. The current Persian Gulf and the Thar Desert were fertile valleys; they attracted the C and F from Somalia.



The above map was digitally generated to reflect the landscape at the time the C and F moved from Somalia to Punjab. The white line shows a continuous path of rainwater rivers. There were two rainwater rivers on either side of the ridge that originated at the same headwaters; one river went to Balochistan, and the other went to Punjab. It was a natural pass to cross the ridge. The rainwater rivers are now dried out due to climate change. At that time, the Indus River had many rainwater tributaries; the rainwater tributaries are now partially or totally dried out.