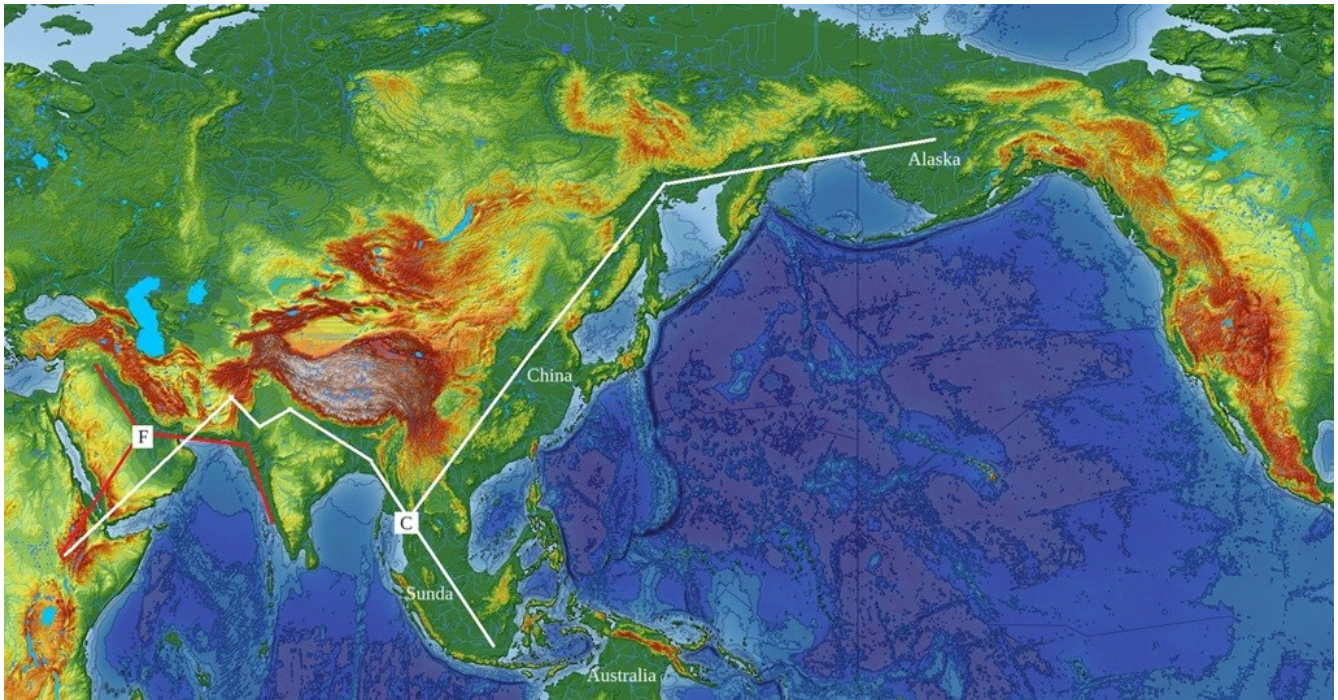


The DNA C in Alaska: An Archeological View by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)



The above map is a digitally generated landscape of 60,000 years ago, when much of the world was covered with glaciers, and the seawater was far below the current levels. The Red Sea was a giant lake of freshwater, the Persian Gulf was a fertile valley, the land from Bangladesh to Australia was Sunda, and Russia and Alaska were connected. The Yamuna River connected the Gulf and Sunda valleys.

One hundred thousand years ago, two highly advanced logic-based cultures, the DNA C and F, evolved at the Victoria Lake in Africa. They discovered a mountain pass and moved east to reach the Red Sea Lake, a giant oasis with an inexhaustible supply of rainwater. They followed the monsoon winds that blew from the Arabian Sea to Sunda. They painted the caves on Sunda 60,000 years ago.

Twenty thousand years ago, the glaciers started to melt. The rising sea levels gradually swallowed much of the land. The Gulf and Sunda were submerged. The C moved east to China, Mongolia, and Alaska. The F lived only in Peninsular India.

The archeological evidence has a fascinating story of the now lost human history to tell.