Hindu Dialects as Recorded in the 2011 Census

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The 2011 Census recorded more than 2,200 dialects of various sizes currently in use in India. A dialect evolved naturally to facilitate communications within a genetically distinct group (tribe). Each dialect is a different DNA subgroup. Languages were man-made with artificial rules of syntax and grammar to facilitate communication across a group of dialects living in a geographic location; they carry no genetic information. Only the dialects, not languages, are DNA samples. To understand the ancient Indian history, we should filter out languages and focus on natural dialects.

Hindus, DNA F, lived on the west side of the Satpura Ridge along the Narmada, Ken, and Sone rivers for over 20,000 years. The DNA O, J2b, H, and L are subgroups of the parent F. Around 4,000 years ago, the monsoon winds reversed direction, and the west side turned into a wasteland with no rains. All the people were forced to move to the east side that turned from a wasteland to fertile land.

The following map is a distribution of some of the native Hindu dialects as recorded in the 2011 Census. They are natural dialects, not synthetic languages. Languages are represented by white space.

100 Mundari (O) dialects

101 Mahali	102 Koda	103 Dhimal	104 Kodaku
105 Asuri	106 Birhar	107 Bijori	108 Korwa
109 Turi	110 Kharia	111 Mundari	112 Munda
113 Ho	114 Parenga	115 Juang	116 Sora
117 Juray	118 Bodo Gadaba	119 Bondo	120 Gata

200 Agni (J2b) Grandhika dialects

201 Chitwania Tharu	202 Kochila Tharu	203 Bhojpuri	204 Domari
205 Kamta	206 Surjapuri	207 Magahi	208 Angika
209 Sadri	210 Mal Paharia	211 Degaru	212 Surgujia
213 Chhattisgarhi	214 Majhi	215 Panchpargaria	216 Lodhi
217 Kharia Thar	218 Kudmali	219 Sambalpuri	220 Powari
221 Halbi	222 Nagpuri	223 Mirgan	224 Bhunjia
225 Deccan	226 Andh	227 Bhatri	228 Desiya
229 Bodo Parja	230 Adivasi Oriya	231 Reli	232 Valmiki

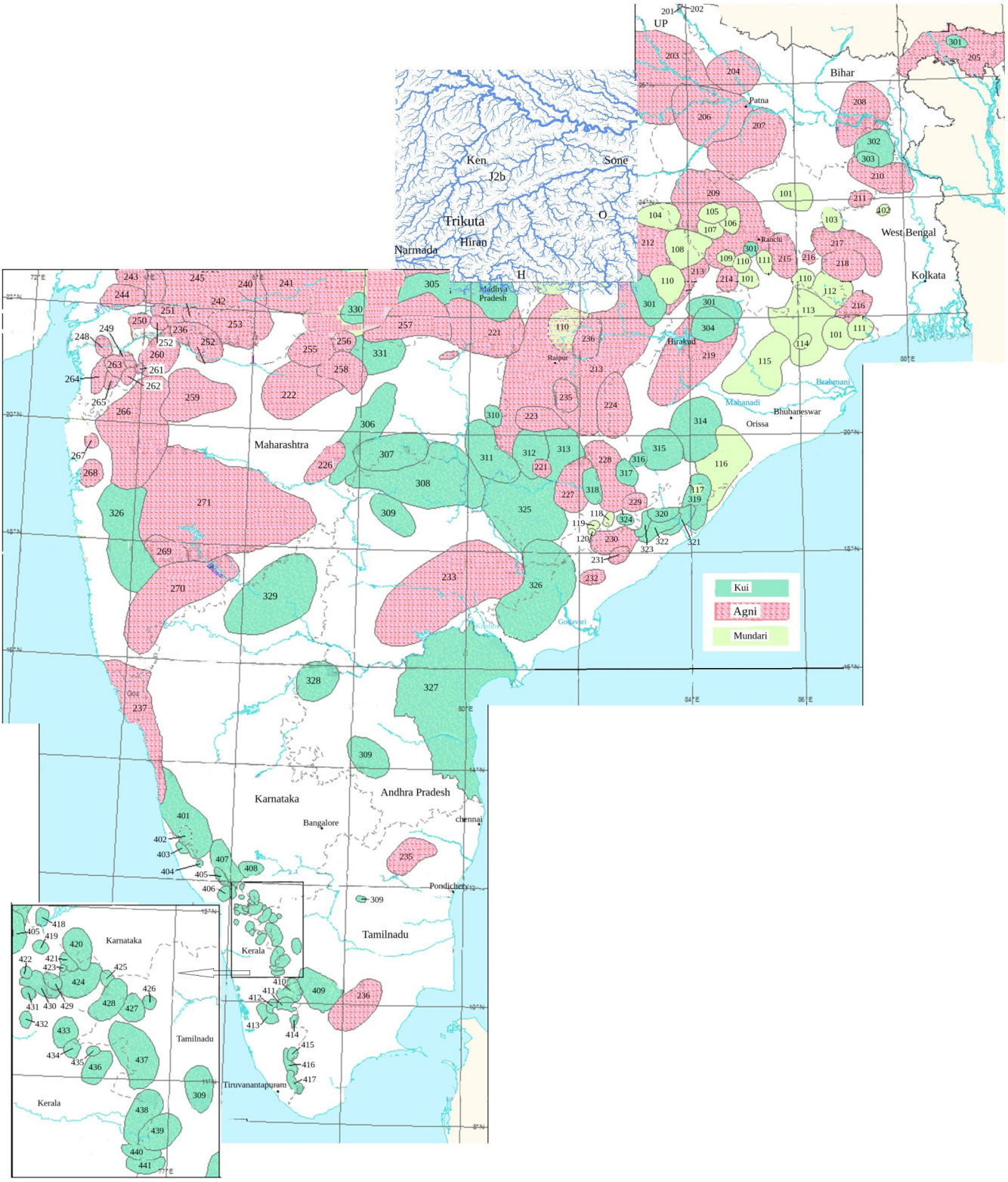
233 Lambadi	234 Chamari	235 Kamar	236 Nahari
237 Goan Konkani	238 Vaagri Booli	239 Saurashtra	240 Bhili
241 Malvi	242 Bhilai	243 Rathewi	244 Dungra Bhil
245 Nimadi	246 Ratwi Bareli	247 Korku	248 Dubli
249 Gamit	250 Vasavi	251 Pauri Bareli	252 Noiri
253 Palya Bareli	254 Nihali	255 Cowlan	256 Bhalay
257 Powari	258 Gowli	259 Ahirani	260 Khandesi
261 Mewchi	262 Dhanki	263 Chodri	264 Dhodia
265 Kukna	266 Varli	267 Phudagi	268 Katkari
269 Samvedi	270 Pardhi	271 Deccan	

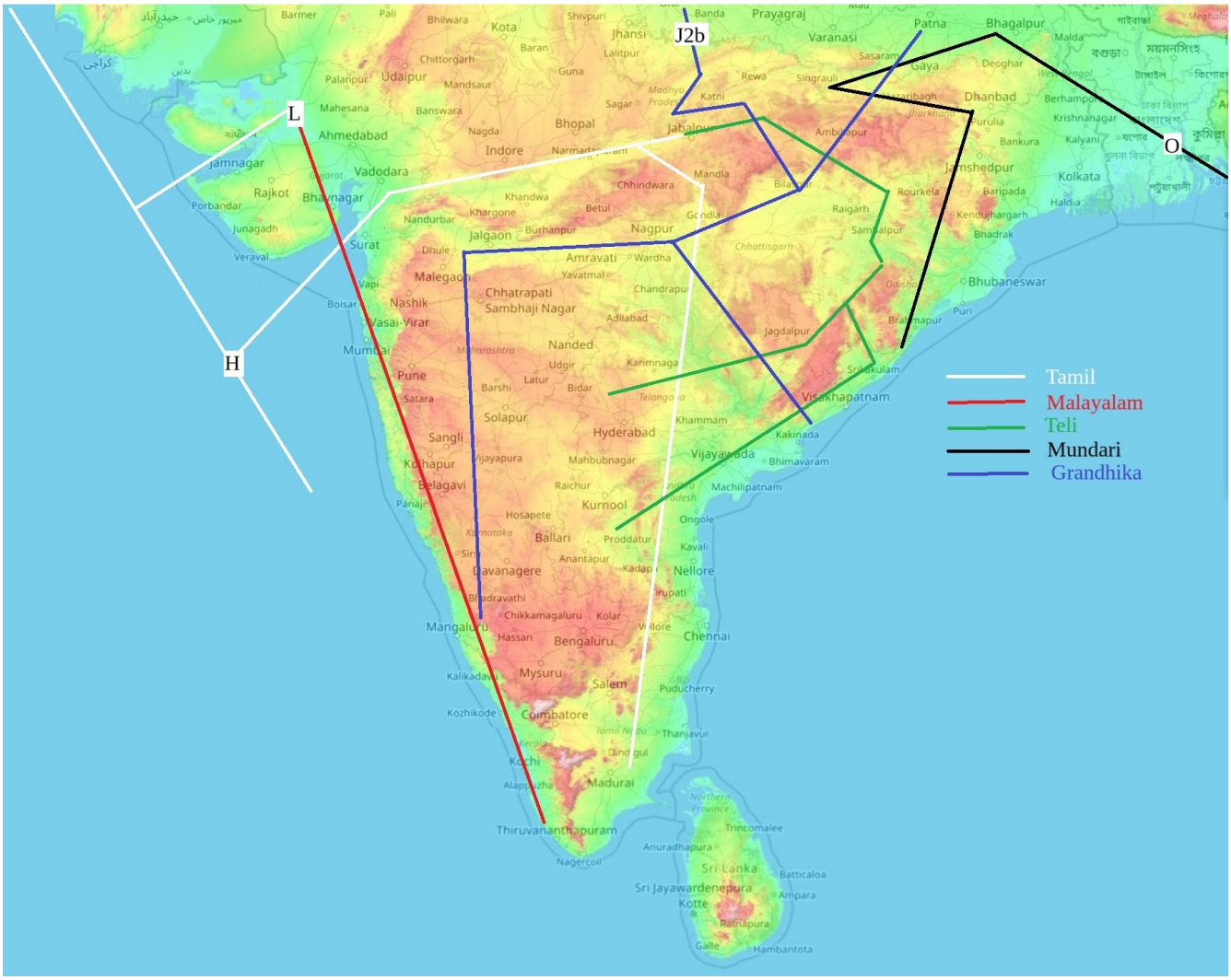
300 Kui (H) Teli dialects

301 Kurux	302 Sauria Paharia	303 Kumarbhag Paharia	304 Kisan
305 Northern Gondi	306 NW Kolami	307 SE Kolami	308 Southern Gondi
309 Yerukula	310 Far Western Muria	311 Maria	312 Western Muria
313 Eastern Muria	314 Kui	315 Kuvi	316 Manda
317 Pengo	318 Duruwa	319 Savara	320 Konda-Dora
321 Mukha-Dora	322 Manna-Dora	323 Mudhili Gadaba	324 Pottangi Ollar Gadaba
325 Dandami Maria	326 Koya	327 Pattapu	328 Chenchu
329 Holiya	330 Pardhan	331 Kaikadi	

400 Kui (L) Malayalam dialects

401 Tulu	402 Korra Koraga	403 Mudu Koraga	404 Kudiya
405 Ravula	406 Kurichia	407 Kodava	408 Sholaga
409 Kannada Kurumba	410 Muthuvan	411 Mannan	412 Vishavan
413 Malavedan	414 Paliyan	415 Malapandaram	416 MalarKuravan
417 Kanikkaran	418 Bellari	419 Kunduvadi	420 Jennu Kurumba
421 Wayanad Chetti	422 Kalanadi	423 Pathiya	424 Betta Kurumb
425 Toda	426 Kota	427 Alu Kurumba	428 Badaga
429 Mullu Kurumba	430 Paniya	431 Kumbaran	432 Aranadan
433 Thachanadan	434 Allar	435 Attapady Kurumba	436 Muduga
437 Irula	438 Eravallan	439 Malasar	440 Kadar
441 Mala Malasar			


UP
Bihar
Patna
Ken
J2b
Sone
Trikuta
O
Narmada
Hiran
H
Madhya Pradesh
Ranchi
West Bengal
Kolkata
Raipur
Hirakud
Brahmani
Mahanadi
Bhubaneswar
Orissa
Maharashtra
Kui
Agni
Mundari
Karnataka
Andhra Pradesh
Bangalore
chennai
Pondicherry
Tamilnadu
Kerala
Tiruvanantapuram
Godavari


L
H
J2b
O
Tamil
Malayalam
Teli
Mundari
Grandhika