

Hindu University at Patna, an Archeological View *by Potluri Rao In Seattle ©2018 (CC BY 4.0)*

Twenty thousand years ago the Kui, Mundari, and Agni people moved to the foot of the Mt. Trikuta of the Vindhyas in search of dependable perennial rainwater. Their original homelands were submerged by the rising seawater levels caused by the glacial melt.

Agni (DNA J2b) lived along the Ken river and spoke the Grandhika dialects. Kui (DNA H) lived along the Hiran tributary of the Narmada river and spoke the Teli dialects. Mundari (DNA O) lived along the Sone river and spoke the Mundari dialects.

Around 2,200 BCE, there was a global drought that lasted for almost 200 years. The Trikuta reservoirs dried out, and all the people were forced to move to the east of the Satpura Range. They lived from the Patna city (Bihar), to the current Hirakud reservoir (Odisha) of the Mahanadi river. Over time, some of them moved south to the coast.

The Census 2011 documented dialects spoken to the east of the Satpura. There were dozens of dialects of only the J2b (Agni), H (Kui), and O (Mundari).

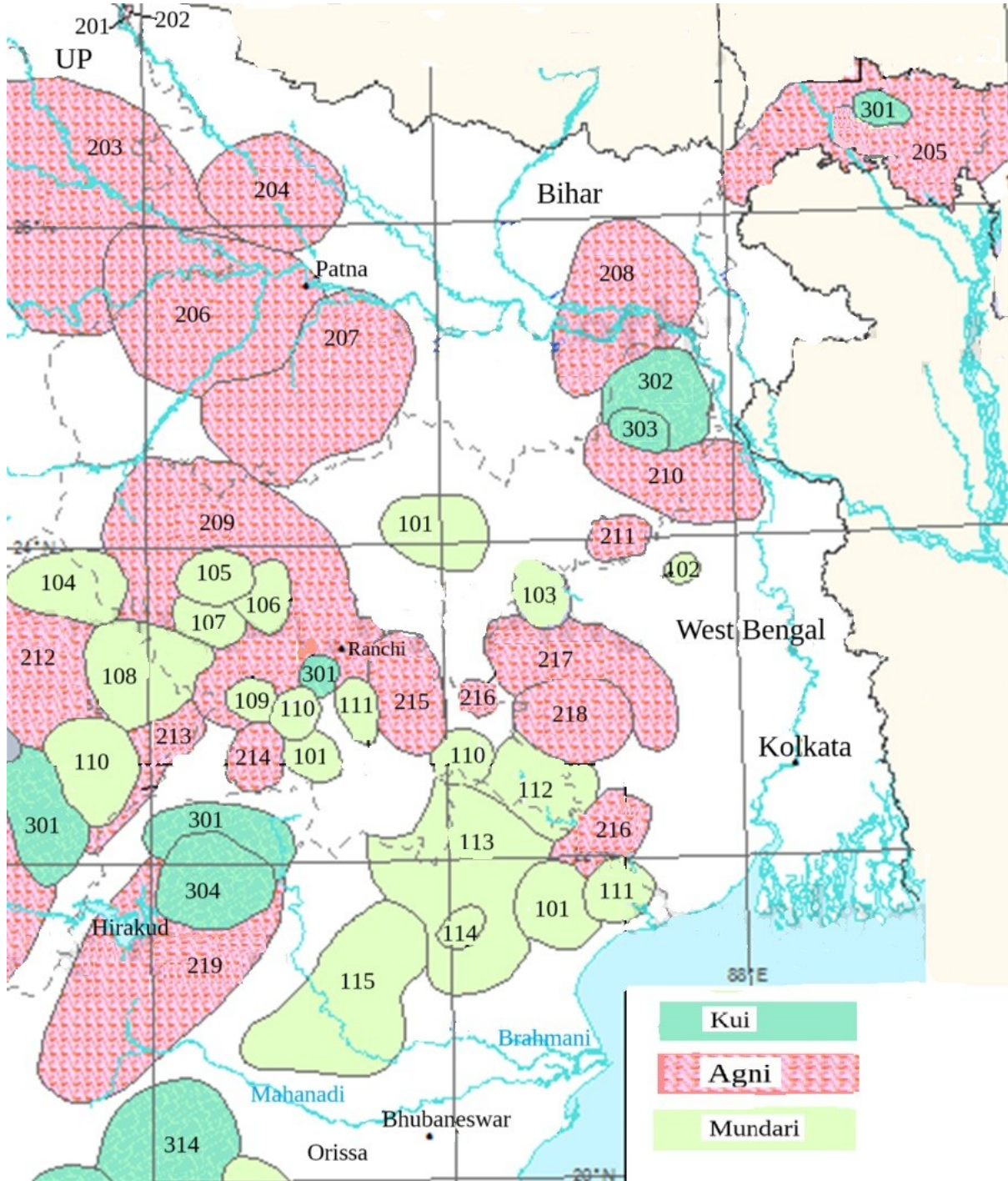
The Agni (J2b, Grandhika) established a University at Patna to teach logic, 4,000 years ago. The University had no central campus. The faculty were located all over the place. Students moved from one professor to the next. The original Rig Veda and Bhagavad Gita were books on logic at the University written in Grandhika. Professors Vasudeva Krishna, Siddhartha, Ajatashatru, and Mahavira lived around Patna.

The Hindu University, logic, and cultures were deliberately and totally destroyed by the Greek colonialists who moved to Patna only recently. The Greeks (R1b) employed the unethical Persians (R1a1) to vandalize all the logic books at the University to worship manuals of fictional warmongering Persian (Zend Avesta) gods. They invented Sanskrit, a pseudo Grandhika, a mixture of Grandhika and Avestan of Persia to trash the Grandhika literature of the Hindu. Sanskrit was invented only after 200 BCE. All the books in Sanskrit are recent vandalized versions of Agni Grandhika literature.

The Greek financed Persian rubbish, in the recently invented Sanskrit, was actively promoted as the ancient Hindu literature of antiquity. All the books in Sanskrit were recent Greek rubbish; they reduce to ashes when tossed in the fire of logic.

To excavate the original Agni Grandhika texts we have to identify and discard Avestan from Sanskrit. Avestan was the language of South Bactria (Avesta).

The map below, derived from the Census 2011 data, shows the areas where the Hindu dialects are still spoken. The distribution of the dialects speaks volumes of the people who lived at the Trikuta for 20,000 years. They were the native Hindu.



The following is a map of the area to the east of the Satpura Range when the J2b, H, and O were forced to move by the global drought. The topographic map gives a clear understanding of the migration paths along the rainwater rivers and explains why the dialects are spread out the way they do.

