

The Marathi Language, an Archeological View

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An analysis of Census 2011 data on Hindu dialects revealed a fascinating story of the Marathi language. Marathi people were a mixture of DNA L and J2b. The Marathi language was a mixture of the Kannada of the L and the Grandhika of the J2b. Originally, the J2b lived at Mt. Trikuta along the Ken River for 20,000 years, and the L lived in the current submerged West Coast of India for 40,000 years. The L moved to South India 10,000 years ago, and the J2b moved to the West Coast only 3,000 years ago.

There are dozens of recorded dialects of Marathi that range from Kannada to Grandhika. The proportion of Grandhika words in the Marathi dialects reveals the migration path of the J2b to the West Coast.

